passing optimized design information associated with the accurate model to gate-level implementation tools to achieve predictable results at gate-level implementation of the electronic design.

- 4. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein each logic building block represents a logic structure of a fabricated electronic design and has performance data derived from placement based information for a plurality of different physical implementations of the logic structure.
- 5. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein performance data of at least one logic building block is stored in a library.
- 6. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein performance data of at least one logic building block is generated on-the-fly at run time.
- 7. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes concurrent synthesis and placement of the logic building blocks.
- 8. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes floorplanning.
- 9. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes routing estimation.
- 10. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes partitioning.
- 11. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes pin assignment.
- 12. (New) The method of claim 3, wherein a design hand-off using the optimized design information enables the electronic design to be implemented to meet design requirements in a single pass through a gate-level physical implementation process.
  - 13. (New) The method of claim 3, further comprising: receiving a description of the electronic design; and

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- synthesizing a description of the electronic design into the network of logic building blocks that are optimized, wherein the synthesizing preserves bus structures of the electronic design.
- 14. A method for designing an electronic design, the method comprising: creating a virtual prototype to model the electronic design thereby enabling design optimization before detail physical implementation; and deriving a solution for design convergence based on data resulting from the design optimization.
- 15. (New) The method of claim 14, wherein creating a virtual prototype further comprises:
  - concurrently optimizing logical and physical implementations of the electronic design using placement-based information.
- 16. (New) A method for abstracting a model of an electronic design into an efficient network for optimization, the method comprising:
  - mapping the model into logic building blocks thereby creating a network of logic building blocks, a number of the logic building blocks having a logic structure including a plurality of gates thereby providing a higher level of abstraction than gates; and optimizing the network of logic building blocks, each logic building block having performance data based on placed and routed implementations of that logic building block.
- 17. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein mapping the model into logic building blocks preserves bus structures of the electronic design.
- 18. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein each logic building block represents a logic structure of a fabricated electronic design, and has performance data derived from placement based information for a plurality of different physical implementations of the logic structure.

- 19. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein performance data of at least one logic building block is stored in a library.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein performance data of at least one logic building block is generated on-the-fly at run time.
- 21. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes concurrent synthesis and placement of the logic building blocks.
- 22. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes floorplanning.
- 23. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes routing estimation.
- 24. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes partitioning.
- 25. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes pin assignment.
- 26. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks includes separation of data path and control logic.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the optimized design data includes floorplan information.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks produces optimized design data that includes one or more of timing information, routing information, placement information, netlist information, placement based wire load information, and pin assignment information.
- 29. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein optimizing the network of logic building blocks produces optimized design data that enables the electronic design to be implemented to meet the design requirements in a single pass through a gate-level implementation process.

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- 30. (New) The method of claim 16, wherein the model is a Register-Transfer-Level description.
  - 31. (New) The method of claim 16, further comprising:

clustering multiple logical building blocks into partitions thereby yielding a partition level abstraction of the electronic design;

creating a model for each partition; and

optimizing additional levels of the electronic design using the partition models thereby enabling hierarchical optimization without reanalyzing partition level details.

32. (New) A method for characterizing logic building blocks, the method comprising: creating physical implementations of a logic building block, the logic building block having a logic structure including a plurality of gates thereby providing a higher level of abstraction than gates; and

monitoring area and performance data of each physical implementation based on a number of selected input parameter sets.

- 33. (New) The method of claim 32, further comprising:
- for each selected input parameter set, storing the resulting area and performance data thereby defining a performance envelope of the logic building block.
- 34. (New) The method of claim 32, further comprising:
- storing the logic building block in a library, the library capable of supplying a network of logic building blocks for representing the electronic design.
- 35. (New) A electronic design computer program product encoded on one or more computer readable mediums, the product comprising:
  - a library of logic structures, each logic structure having performance data based on placed and routed implementations of that logic building structure, the performance data being organized according to characteristics of the implementations; and

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